



What are adjectival predicates in Mandarin Chinese?

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Rearrange and make up sentences using the words provided.
Your sentences should follow the order: subject + (adverb) + adjective + (complement).

1.	可爱 kě'ài cute	熊猫 xióngmāo panda	很 hěn very	
2.	极 jí extremely	她 tā she	聪明 cōngmíng clever	₹ le
3.	累 lèi tired	他 tā he	非常 fēicháng extremely	
4.	他 tā he	高 gāo tall	太 tài too	ੀ le

Sentences:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

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7 Fill in the blanks in the following sentences using 是 (shì) or 很 (hěn).

1.	他	_ 一个学生。
	Tā	yīgè xuésheng.
	Нρ	a student

2.	我	_ 饿。
	Wŏ _	è.
	I	hungry.

3.	妈妈 北京人。		
	Māma	_ Běijīng rén.	
	Mother_	from Beijir	ıg

4.	餐馆的饭 好吃	0
	Cānguăn de fàn _	hǎo chī.
	Restaurant food _	delicious





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3 Complete the following sentences based on the clues given in the picture.



- 1. 梨 (lí, "pear") (a bit green)
- **2.** 苹果 (píngguǒ, "apple") (quite red)
- **3.** 香蕉 (xiāngjiāo, "banana") (really yellow)
- **4.** 葡萄 (pútao, "grape") (indeed very purple)



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- **1.** 熊猫很可爱。 Xióngmāo hěn kě'ài. Pandas are cute.
 - **2.** 她聪明极了。 Tā cōngmíng jí le. She is very smart.
 - 3. 他非常累。 Tā fēicháng lèi. He is very tired.
 - 4. 他太高了。 Tā tài gāo le. He is too tall.
- **1.** 梨有点绿。 Lí yǒudiǎn lǜ. The pear is a little green.
 - **2.** 苹果比较红。 Píngguǒ bǐjiào hóng. The apple is quite red.
 - **3.** 香蕉真黄。 Xiāngjiāo zhēn huáng. Bananas are really yellow.
 - 4. 葡萄是很紫。 Pútáo shì hěn zǐ. Grapes are indeed very purple.

- 1. 他是一个学生。 Tā shì yīgè xuésheng. He is a student.
- **2.** 我很饿。 Wǒ hěn è. I am hungry.
- **3.** 妈妈是北京人。 Māma shì Běijīng rén. My mother is from Beijing.
- 4. 餐馆的饭很好吃。
 Cānguǎn de fàn hěn hàochī.
 The food in the restaurant is delicious.
- **5.** 孩子的眼睛很黑。 Háizi de yǎnjīng hěn hēi. The child's eyes are very dark.