



SPANISH TABLE

Conjunctions

ALWAYS use the subjunctive after the following conjunctions:

<i>a fin de que</i>	so that
<i>a condición de que / con la condición que</i>	on the condition
<i>a menos que</i>	unless
<i>a no ser que</i>	lest, unless
<i>antes (de) que</i>	before
<i>con tal (de) que</i>	provided that
<i>en caso de que</i>	in case
<i>no sea que</i>	lest, so that ... not
<i>no fuera que</i>	lest, so that ... not
<i>para que</i>	so that
<i>sin que</i>	without
WHY? Because the conjunctions above always introduce an anticipated, yet uncertain event or state.	



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Conjunctions



SOMETIMES use the subjunctive after the following conjunctions:

<i>cuando</i>	when
<i>después de que</i>	after
<i>en cuanto</i>	as soon as
<i>hasta que</i>	until
<i>tan pronto como</i>	as soon as
<i>a pesar de que</i>	in spite of, even though
<i>mientras que</i>	as long as
<i>apenas</i>	as soon as
<i>aun cuando</i>	even when
<i>aunque</i> *when <i>aunque</i> means “although,” use indicative in the subordinate clause!	even though
<i>siempre que</i>	provided that
<i>como</i> *when <i>como</i> means “since,” use the indicative; when it means “if,” use the subjunctive	as, since



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NEVER use the subjunctive after the following conjunctions:

<i>así que</i>	so
<i>así como</i>	just as, in the same way
<i>ya que</i>	since, as
<i>porque</i>	because
<i>dado que</i>	given that, since
<i>pues</i>	since, because, as
<i>puesto que</i>	since, given that
<i>visto que</i>	since, given that

