

RUSSIAN TABLE

Genitive Case



When and how to use -y and -ю as a genitive ending in Russian

Singular masculine nouns have alternative endings -y or -io in the genitive case. These endings are used in spoken Russian in the following situations:

• To talk about the amount of something, for example:

стакан чаю (staKAN CHAyu, "a glass of tea")

BUT use the regular genitive ending in стакан горячего ча**я** (staKAN gaRYAchiva CHAya, "a glass of hot tea"), because there is a characteristic / adjective added!

насыпать перцу (naSYpat PYERtsoo, "to add pepper")

BUT if you're not talking about a quantity, use the regular genitive ending, as in, βκyc περμ**a** (fkoos PYERtsa, "the taste of pepper")

добавить чесноку (daBAvit chisnaKOO, "to add garlic")

BUT if you're not talking about quantity, use the regular genitive ending, as in, посадка чеснок**a** (paSATka chisnaKA, "garlic planting")







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• To talk about "just a bit" of something (when nouns have diminutive suffixes -ик, -ок), for example:

поесть сахарку (paYEST sakharKOO, "to eat a little bit of sugar")

• To specify what kind of members go into a collective noun, for example:

куча народу (KOOcha naROdoo, "a bunch of people")

• To talk about abstract nouns, for example:

много шуму (MNOga SHOOmoo, "a lot of noise") нагнать страху (naGNAT STRAkhoo, "to give a fright")

- In idiomatic phrases, such as:
 - танцевать до упаду (tantsyVAT da ooPAdoo, "to dance until you drop")
 - умереть с голоду (oomiTYET z GOladoo, "to die from hunger")
 - ни слуху ни духу (ni SLOOkhoo ni DOOkhoo, "nothing has been heard of"; lit: "no sound no breath")
 - с глазу на глаз (z GLAzoo na glas, "eye-to-eye")
 - с жиру беситься (z ZHYroo biSEEtsa, "to have too much money and too little to do," lit: "to go crazy from riches")

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